CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021



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Independent Auditors' Report

Audit Committee Capitol Region Council of Governments Hartford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Capitol Region Council of Governments as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Capitol Region Council of Governments' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Capitol Region Council of Governments as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Capitol Region Council of Governments adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the Capitol Region Council of Governments reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle (see Note 14). Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Capitol Region Council of Governments' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2021 on our consideration of the Capitol Region Council of Governments' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Capitol Region Council of Governments' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Capitol Region Council of Governments' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 28, 2021

As management of the Capitol Region Council of Governments (CRCOG), we offer readers of CRCOG's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of CRCOG for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of CRCOG exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,746,828 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,782,549 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet CRCOG's ongoing obligations.
- CRCOG's unrestricted net position increased by \$350,638 due to decreases in expenses.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, CRCOG's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,042,987 a significant increase in comparison with the prior year. The primary reason for this increase is CRCOG change in policy for recognizing previously deferred revenue from various grants and services for Municipal Services, Public Safety Programs and Special Projects. The portion of the fund balance available for spending at CRCOG's discretion (unassigned fund balance) is \$1,870,273.
- As of June 30, 2021 the balance for the General Fund was \$1,983,673 which includes unassigned funds of \$1,870,273.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to CRCOG's basic financial statements. CRCOG's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Basis of Presentation

CRCOG is considered a governmental organization for financial reporting purposes. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, requires the presentation of government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements consist of the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. CRCOG has no business-type activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of CRCOG's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of CRCOG's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of CRCOG is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how CRCOG's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected member town assessments and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements display information about CRCOG's governmental activities, which consists of regional planning. CRCOG does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only CRCOG because there are no legally separate organizations for which CRCOG is legally accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. CRCOG uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of CRCOG can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating CRCOG's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of CRCOG's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

CRCOG maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Municipal Services, the Public Safety Programs Fund, the FHWA Fund, Regional Services Grant and Special Projects. All 6 are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 7 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III and IV of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of CRCOG. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to CRCOG's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary (business-type function) funds. CRCOG has two fiduciary funds it reports upon: Pension Trust and one Custodial Fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V and VI of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages of 21-34 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information other than this management's discussion and analysis.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information can be found at the end of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net position of CRCOG totaled \$4,746,828 and \$1,616,602 as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively, and are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
	_		2020			
	_	2021	(as restated)			
Current and other assets	\$	6,303,640 \$	5,856,795			
Capital assets, net	_	48,749	67,423			
Total assets	_	6,352,389	5,924,218			
Long-term liabilities		136,193	105,763			
Other liabilities	_	1,469,368	4,201,853			
Total liabilities	-	1,605,561	4,307,616			
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		48,749	67,423			
Restricted for:						
Grants		2,915,530	117,268			
Unrestricted	-	1,782,549	1,431,911			
Total Net Position	\$_	4,746,828 \$	1,616,602			

At June 30, 2021, \$48,749 or 1.03% of CRCOG's net position reflect its net investment in capital assets. CRCOG uses these capital assets to provide services to member towns; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

A portion of CRCOG's net position of \$2,915,530 are grant or other revenues that have been realized and are restricted in their uses (such as Public Safety, Municipal Services or Special Projects). The remainder of CRCOG's net position of \$1,782,828 is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet CRCOG's ongoing obligations. Overall, net position increased by \$3,130,226 primarily in Restricted Grants. Unrestricted funds increased in comparison to the prior year as well. One reason for this is decrease in expenses due to COVID related reduction in travel and other meeting related expenses.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

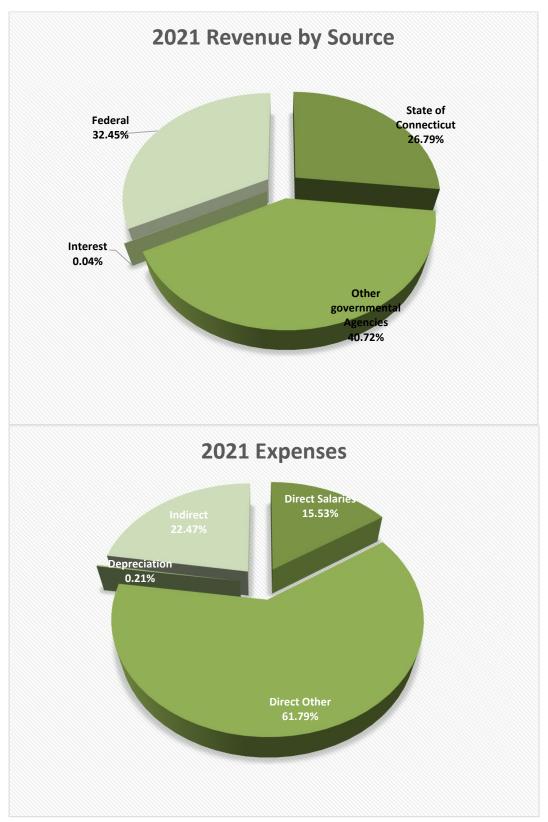
Changes in Net Position

Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
			2020				
	_	2021	(as restated)				
Revenues							
Federal government	\$	3,541,268	\$ 2,116,637				
State of Connecticut		2,923,659	3,445,380				
Other governmental agencies		4,443,853	1,602,196				
Interest		4,096	38,631				
Total revenues	_	10,912,876	7,202,844				
Expenses:							
Direct salaries		1,208,383	1,136,686				
Direct other		4,808,879	3,929,268				
Depreciation		16,611	23,855				
Indirect		1,748,777	1,785,514				
Total expenses		7,782,650	6,875,323				
Changes in net position		3,130,226	327,521				
Net Position at beginning	_	1,616,602	1,289,081				
Net Position at Ending	\$_	4,746,828	\$ 1,616,602				

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of CRCOG's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing CRCOG's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of CRCOG's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of CRCOG. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,983,673, of which \$1,870,273 was classified as unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Total expenditures during the year were \$99,312. Unassigned fund balance was 18.83 times larger than General Fund expenditures.

Municipal Services Fund

The Municipal Services Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing municipal services, primarily the Capitol Region Purchasing Cooperative as well as the CRCOG IT Services Cooperative.

Public Safety Programs Fund

The Public Safety Programs Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing various public safety projects to the CRCOG member municipalities. Expenditures during the year totaled \$1,732,045.

FHWA Fund

The FHWA Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to urban and rural transportation planning on a cost-reimbursement basis. Expenditures during the year totaled \$2,001,025. At the end of the current fiscal year, there was no fund balance.

Regional Services Grant

CRCOG received \$736,490 in state funding during FY 2020-2021.

These funds were used to carry out statutory planning responsibilities including land use planning, review of zoning and subdivision proposals along town boundaries and review of municipal plans of conservation and development

Special Projects Fund

As of June 30, 2021, the Restricted Balance in the Special Projects Fund was \$1,547,917. This fund was established to enable CRCOG to fund regional projects without the use of state or federal funds.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budgets are adopted by the CRCOG Policy Board on a modified accrual basis. The adopted annual budget covers the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds on a combined basis.

No additional appropriations were made during the year in the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS

CRCOG's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$48,749 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes computers, furniture and fixtures, equipment and leasehold improvements.

The following table is a two-year comparison of the investment in capital assets presented for governmental activities:

	_	Governmental Activities						
	_	2021	2020					
Furniture and fixtures Computers	\$	30,886 \$ 17,863	36,010 31,413					
Totals	\$_	48,749_\$_	67,423					

Additional information on CRCOG's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 29 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

CRCOG is highly dependent on intergovernmental revenue from the State of Connecticut and the federal government. All local government entities in Connecticut are facing significant financial uncertainty, including projected state deficits and federal funding cuts. CRCOG's local funding remains strong and stable, accounting for approximately a quarter of CRCOG's core budget.

Federal

- CRCOG has traditionally carried over a large portion of FHWA funding and in the last few years
 with significant temporary grant funding from other sources, the carryover amount has been
 unusually high and CRCOG is making concerted efforts in FY2021-FY2022 to expend the funding,
 primarily through FHWA funded studies.
- As anticipated in previous budgets, the decline in Homeland Security funding appears to have leveled off, but is approximately half of previous years. The reduction is primarily on the grants and pass-through portion of CRCOG's budget and does not impact CRCOG staffing and operations.
- There is also potential for an increase in pandemic or health preparedness related funding as a result of COVID-19. Because of the unpredictability at this time, CRCOG will monitor developments before making large scale changes to its outlook.
- CRCOG continues to monitor transportation funding at the federal level and other federal opportunities that may be available

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (Continued)

State

- Connecticut was facing a challenging budget situation without the COVID-19 pandemic. With the
 closures and economic havoc of the pandemic, the state's budget challenges will only multiply in
 the coming budget cycles.
- Regional Services Grant (RSG) has fluctuated for CRCOG significantly in the last few years. Due
 to the state's challenging budget situation, CRCOG has budgeted for funding as passed by
 legislation for RSG in 2021-2022 as directed by the state.
- When CRCOG passed its 2021-2022 budget, LOTCIP program was not expected to expand in the coming years. With the passage of the Infrastructure and Investment Jobs Act, there could be a corresponding increase in the LOTCIP program likely in FY 2022-2023 and beyond. For FY2021-2022, CRCOG anticipates LOTCIP funding to be stable.
- Regional Performance Incentive Program Grants changed in the legislative session of 2021. CRCOG anticipates announcements for notice of funding opportunities for this grant sometime in 2021-2022. The amount and competitive nature of these grants are unknown.

Local

- CRCOG has continued to contribute a portion of its local dues to a "Regional Program Fund" that
 would enable CRCOG to begin regional projects without outside funding. CRCOG expects to
 continue a portion of this contribution this year. This funding has been used in the past for
 regional projects, including model cybersecurity policies, scenario planning and other projects.
- CRCOG's municipal services offerings are expanding, and CRCOG anticipates adding additional services and expanding CRCOG's offering in the upcoming year.
- Given the COVID-19 pandemic and the pressures our members face, CROCG will not be increasing its dues for this coming fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of CRCOG's finances for all those with an interest in CRCOG's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Pauline Yoder, Chief Operating Officer, CRCOG, 241 Main Street, 4th Floor, Hartford, CT 06106-5310.

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,259,424
Due from State of Connecticut	930,816
Prepaid and other assets	113,400
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	48,749
Total assets	6,352,389
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	774,366
Unearned revenue	486,296
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	208,706
Due in more than one year	136,193
Total liabilities	1,605,561
Net Position:	
Invested in capital assets	48,749
Restricted for:	
Grants	2,915,530
Unrestricted	1,782,549_
Total Net Position	\$4,746,828_

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities: Regional Planning	\$ <u>7,782,650</u> \$		\$ 10,908,780	\$	\$	3,126,130	
	General revenues: Unrestricted invest	tment earnings			_	4,096	
	Change in net position	on				3,130,226	
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated							
	Net Position at End	of Year			\$_	4,746,828	

		General Fund	Municipal Services		iblic Safety Programs	FHWA		Regional Services Grant	_	Special Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Due from State of Connecticut Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets	\$	4,583,279 \$ 113,400	203,982	\$	676,145 \$ 117,695 792,465	374,486	\$	16,062	\$	1,650,108	\$	438,635 230,401	\$	5,259,424 930,816 2,893,018 113,400
Total Assets	\$	4,696,679 \$	203,982	\$	1,586,305 \$	374,486	_ \$_	16,062	\$ <u></u>	1,650,108	_ \$	669,036	\$ <u></u>	9,196,658
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities	\$	16,246 \$ 41,200	2,002	\$	222,952 \$	207,323	\$	16,062	\$	400	\$	268,181	\$	733,166 41,200
Unearned revenue Due to other funds		59,998 2,595,562	104,981		32,112	17,828 149,335				101,791		169,586 148,121		486,296 2,893,018
Total liabilities	-	2,713,006	106,983		255,064	374,486	 	16,062	_	102,191		585,888	_	4,153,680
Fund Balances:		113,400												113,400
Nonspendable Restricted		113,400			1,331,241					1,547,917		36,372		2,915,530
Committed Unassigned		1,870,273	96,999		, ,					, ,		46,776		143,775 1,870,273
Total fund balances	-	1,983,673	96,999	_	1,331,241	-		-		1,547,917	 	83,148	_	5,042,978
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,696,679 \$	203,982	\$	1,586,305 \$	374,486	\$	16,062	\$	1,650,108	\$	669,036	\$	9,196,658

(Continued on next page)

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 5,042,978

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets

(219,259)

268,008

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Compensated absences

(344,899)

48,749

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

\$ 4,746,828

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General Fund		Municipal Services	Public Safety Programs	FHWA	Regional Services Grant	Special Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Federal government	\$		\$	1,249,760 \$	19,641 \$	1,573,209 \$	\$	2,444		
State of Connecticut					963,180	197,205	736,490	286,658	740,126	2,923,659
Other governmental agencies		920,839		485,088	2,077,871	41,907		896,433	21,715	4,443,853
Interest income		1,597	_		2,499					4,096
Total revenues		922,436	_	1,734,848	3,063,191	1,812,321	736,490	1,185,535	1,458,055	10,912,876
Expenditures: Current: Direct costs:										
Salaries				20,094	35,470	715,662	265,182		171,975	1,208,383
Other		99,312		1,288,553	1,646,701	296,703	108,124	299,070	1,070,416	4,808,879
Indirect			_	28,920	49,874	988,660	363,461		237,351	1,668,266
Total expenditures		99,312	_	1,337,567	1,732,045	2,001,025	736,767	299,070	1,479,742	7,685,528
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		823,124	_	397,281	1,331,146	(188,704)	(277)	886,465	(21,687)	3,227,348
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in				210	95	188,704	277	600,492	41,623	831,401
Transfers out		(510,973)		(300,492)				(19,936)		(831,401)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(510,973)		(300,282)	95	188,704	277	580,556	41,623	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Transfers in over Expenditures and Transfers out		312,151		96,999	1,331,241	-	-	1,467,021	19,936	3,227,348
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated	_	1,671,522	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u> .	80,896	63,212	1,815,630
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,983,673	\$_	96,999 \$	1,331,241 \$	\$	\$	1,547,917	\$ 83,148	\$5,042,978_

(Continued on next page)

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 3,227,348

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 11,935
Depreciation expense (16,611)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.

(13,998)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences

(78,448)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

\$ 3,130,226

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Pension Trust Fund	. –	Custodial Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	236,265
Investments:				
Equity mutual funds		2,820,617		
Due from other governments				412
Contributions receivable		11,911		
Total assets		2,832,528		236,677
Net Position:				
Restricted for:				
Pension benefits		2,832,528		
Individual, organizations and other governments			_	236,677
Total net position	\$	2,832,528	\$_	236,677

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pension Trust Fund		Custodial Funds
Additions:	•		•	450.044
Other governmental agencies Employer contributions	\$	191,498	\$ 	158,211
Investment income: Net increase in the fair value of investments		547,445		
Total additions	•			150 211
	•	738,943		158,211
Deductions: Disbursements		396,050		00 007
Payment to agencies	•		-	29,907
Total deductions		396,050		29,907
Change in Net Position		342,893		128,304
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated		2,489,635		108,373
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,832,528	\$	236,677

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Capitol Region of Council of Governments (CRCOG) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of CRCOG are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

CRCOG was established January 28, 1976 and organized under the laws of the state of Connecticut in accordance with General Statutes Sections 4-124i through 4-124p and Special Act No. 73-79 of the Connecticut General Assembly.

The Capitol Region Council of Governments is considered to be a legally separate organization under a joint venture agreement with the member municipalities. CRCOG has the right to enter into legal contracts and incur its own debt. CRCOG's mission, as a regional planning agency, is to provide a centralized agency responsible for coordinating regional planning activities that benefit its members. CRCOG has the authority to apply for Federal and State funds to further the activities and purpose of the agency.

Each member community appoints representatives to sit on CRCOG's Policy Board. The Policy Board is responsible for establishing and approving CRCOG policies, resolutions and its annual budget. Member assessments are charged on a per-capita basis and approved by the Policy Board.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component unit as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

CRCOG has established a defined contribution money purchase plan. CRCOG has trustee responsibilities related to the participant accounts that contain employer contributions.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component unit are reported as a Pension Trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of CRCOG. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported primarily through member town assessments and intergovernmental revenues. CRCOG has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. For CRCOG's purposes, all revenues and expenses are primarily related to a single function, regional planning.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments from member towns are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, CRCOG considers revenues from grants and contracts to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

CRCOG reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by CRCOG before it has legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met or when CRCOG has a legal claim to the resources by meeting all eligibility requirements, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

CRCOG reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This fund is CRCOG's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of CRCOG, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Municipal Services

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing municipal services, primarily the Capitol Region Purchasing Cooperative as well as the CRCOG IT Services Cooperative.

Public Safety Programs

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing various public safety projects to the member municipalities served by CRCOG. The major source of revenues for this fund are State and Federal Grants.

FHWA

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to urban and rural transportation planning in the CRCOG planning region. The major source of revenues for this fund are State, Federal and Local Grants.

Regional Services Grant

This Regional Services Grant is provided by the Office of Policy and Management to carry out statutory planning responsibilities including land use planning, review of zoning and subdivision proposals along town boundaries and review of municipal plans of conservation and development.

Special Projects

This fund was established to enable CRCOG to fund regional projects without the use of state or federal grants. A portion of the available dues each year is allocated for the Regional Program Fund and as the fund grows and project opportunities arise, the fund will be allocated and replenished.

In addition, CRCOG reports the following fund types:

The Pension Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for the fiduciary activities of the Pension plan and resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Capitol Region Council of Governments Employee Money Purchase Pension Plan, which is a defined contribution plan. This plan is discussed more fully in Note 10.

Custodial Funds

These funds account for fiduciary activities related to regional solid waste management.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between certain CRCOG's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is CRCOG's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

CRCOG's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize CRCOG to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Accounts and other receivables consist primarily of claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and states grant programs and open accounts on services provided to its members. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been included in the financial statements because any uncollectible amounts are considered insignificant.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and fixtures, computers, equipment and leasehold improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of CRCOG are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Computers	3
Leasehold improvements	5
Office equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	7

I. Compensated Absences

CRCOG allows employees to accrue vacation and sick leave up to certain limits. Vacation leave accruals are based on length of service. Any vacation leave time can be carried forward. Upon termination, the employees are entitled to one year of vacation time pay out. Sick leave can be accrued to a maximum of 60 days. Upon termination, the employee is entitled to a maximum benefit of 50% of the sick leave accrual or less depending on the length of service. Vacation and sick leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year when expended, or if the vested amount is expected to be paid with current available resources.

The liability is recorded in the government-wide statement of net position. The General Fund is used to liquidate compensated absence liabilities.

J. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. There are no outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. The restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

This component of net position consists of net amount of the assets that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Policy Board).

Assigned Fund Balance

For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Policy Board.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

K. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 28, 2021.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

CRCOG's annual budget is a management tool that assists its users in analyzing financial activity for CRCOG's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. CRCOG's budget includes the General Fund and all special revenue funds.

CRCOG's primary funding sources are member government assessments and federal, state and local grants with grant periods that may or may not coincide with CRCOG's fiscal year. These grants normally are for a 12-month period; however, they can be awarded for periods shorter or longer than 12 months.

Because of CRCOG's dependency on federal, state and local budgetary decisions, revenue estimates are based upon the best available information as to potential sources of funding. CRCOG's annual budget differs from that of a local government in two respects: 1) the uncertain nature of grant awards from other governmental entities, and 2) the conversion of grant budgets to a fiscal year basis.

The resultant final budget is subject to constant change within the fiscal year due to:

- Increases/decreases in actual grant awards from those estimated;
- Changes in grant periods;
- · Unanticipated grant awards not included in the budget; and
- Expected grant awards that fail to materialize.

The Policy Board formally approves CRCOG's annual budget, but greater emphasis is placed on complying with grant terms and conditions on a grant-by-grant basis. These terms and conditions usually specify the period during which costs may be incurred and outline grant restrictions and allowances.

These excess expenditures were funded using available fund balance and do not represent a violation of any regulatory or statutory provisions.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permits CRCOG to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate-of-return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, CRCOG's deposit will not be returned. CRCOG does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$4,252,350 of CRCOG's bank balance of \$4,752,350 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	3,777,115
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Government's name	_	475,235
	_	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$	4,252,350

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2021, CRCOG's cash equivalents amounted to \$842,626. The entire balance consisted of investments in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). As of June 30, 2021, CRCOG's investments in STIF were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, CRCOG had \$2,820,617 invested in equity mutual funds. These investments are maintained in the pension trust fund in the statement of net position.

Interest Rate Risk

CRCOG does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. CRCOG has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as State Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk

CRCOG has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of CRCOG's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to CRCOG or that sells investments to or buys them for CRCOG), CRCOG will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. CRCOG does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2021, CRCOG did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in CRCOG's name.

Fair Value

The Capitol Region Council of Governments categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The Capitol Region Council of Governments' investments are all equity mutual funds categorized as Level 1 fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021, valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Furniture and fixtures	\$	203,192	\$ 2,589	\$ (84,142) \$	\$	121,639
Computers		191,435	9,346	(58,102)		142,679
Leasehold improvements	_	3,690				3,690
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	398,317	11,935	(142,244)	_	268,008
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Furniture and fixtures		(167,182)	(7,713)	84,142		(90,753)
Computers		(160,022)	(8,898)	44,104		(124,816)
Leasehold improvements		(3,690)				(3,690)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(330,894)	(16,611)	128,246		(219,259)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$_	67,423	\$ (4,676)	\$ (13,998)	\$ <u></u>	48,749

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The interfund receivables and payables balance at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Receivable Fund		Amount	
Public Safety Program	General Fund FHWA Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	495,009 149,335 148,121
Municipal Services	General Fund		203,982
Regional Services Grant	General Fund		16,062
Special Projects	General Fund		1,650,108
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	_	230,401
Total		\$_	2,893,018

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement type transactions.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In													
	FHWA	_	Municipal Services		Regional Services Grant	_	Special Projects	-	Public Safety Programs		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Transfers Out	
Transfers out: General Fund Municipal Services	\$ 188,704	\$	210	\$	277	\$	300,000 300,492	\$	95	\$	21,687	\$	510,973 300,492	
Special Projects		_				_		-			19,936		19,936	
Total Transfers In	\$ 188,704	\$	210	\$	277	\$	600,492	\$	95	\$	41,623	\$	831,401	

Transfers are for regularly recurring operational transfers.

6. UNEARNED REVENUE

The unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	<u>-</u>	General Fund	 Public Safety	 FHWA	 Municipal Services	 Special Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Unearned Revenue	-
Cash Advances Unearned Grant Revenue	\$	59,998	\$ 32,112	\$ 17,828	\$ 104,981	\$ 101,791	\$	169,586	59,998 426,298	-
Total	\$_	59,998	\$ 32,112	\$ 17,828	\$ 104,981	\$ 101,791	\$	169,586 \$	486,296	

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	 Additions	_ ,	Reductions	_	Ending Balance	Due Withi One Year	
Governmental Activities: Compensated Absences	\$_	266,451	\$ 239,136	\$	(160,688)	\$_	344,899_\$	208,706	<u>}</u>

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS

CRCOG leases approximately 6,800 sq. ft. of office space located on the fourth floor of a building situated at 241 Main Street, Hartford, Connecticut. The original lease was executed on August 21, 1996 and since then it has been amended six times. The latest amendment is dated January 11, 2018, and the lease was renewed for five years through August 2023.

In January 2018, CRCOG entered into a lease with Eversource for replacing overhead lighting in the rented office space. A further agreement was made in April 2018 on the office building lease that these payments, which begin in January 2019, will be deducted from the amount of rent owed on the building lease.

Minimum lease payments under the above lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30

2022 2023 2024	\$	136,722 137,376 22,896
Total	\$_	296,994

Rent expense totaled \$132,798 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

CRCOG is a member of the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), an unincorporated association of Connecticut local public agencies, which was formed for the purpose of establishing and administering an interlocal risk management program.

CRCOG is also a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool providing statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. CRCOG pays an annual premium to the pool for its coverage. Premiums are assessed or determined based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of a group of entities. CRCOG does not accrue for any possible additional loss contingencies as it cannot estimate them from current information about reported and unreported claims. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred will be evaluated at various specified periods after effective date of coverage. The contribution (premium) is also subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period.

The agreement for formation of CIRMA provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies. For the 2020-2021 policy year, reinsurance covered all claims in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence without limitation on the excess.

The pooling agreement allows for the pool to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining, CRCOG cannot estimate the amount of such additional assessments and has not been notified that any assessments are forthcoming.

CRCOG continues to carry commercial insurance coverage for all other risks of loss, including commercial liability and automobile and employee dishonesty coverage. CRCOG does not receive any noncash insurance benefits from the federal government as part of any grant program.

10. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	_	General Fund	Special Projects		Public Safety Programs		Municipal Services	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable:										
Prepaids Restricted for:	\$	113,400 \$		\$		\$	\$	i	\$	113,400
Grants			1,547,917		1,331,241			36,372		2,915,530
Committed to: Local governments programs								19,936		19,936
Capital projects Unassigned	_	1,870,273		_		_	96,999	26,840	_	123,839 1,870,273
Total Fund Balances	\$_	1,983,673 \$	1,547,917	\$	1,331,241	\$	96,999 \$	83,148	\$	5,042,978

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Trust Fund

A. Plan Description

CRCOG maintains a defined contribution money purchase plan (the Plan) that covers all employees who have completed 6 months of service and have attained age 21. Plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Plan Trustees. At age 65, participants are entitled to a lump-sum payment as a retirement benefit. Employer contributions are vested at 20% per year until completion of 5 years of service, at which time an employee is fully vested. The Plan is noncontributory for employees and provides for employer contributions of 10% of the participant's salary.

The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of CRCOG's financial reporting entity since CRCOG has trustee responsibilities related to the participant accounts that contain employer contributions. As such, the Plan is accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

There were 26 plan members as of June 30, 2021. Employer contributions totaled \$191,498 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due, and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Plan assets are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value of other securities is determined by the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices as obtained from dealers that make markets in such securities. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of CRCOG, with the assistance of a valuation service. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned, and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date.

The following investments in mutual funds represent 5% or more of Plan assets as of June 30, 2021:

Investments:

Guaranteed Interest Fund	\$ 315,258	IGWGIF
Vanguard Equity - Income Admiral	310,525	IVEIRX
Fidelity 500 Index	309,768	IFXAIX
AB Large Cap Growth	265,315	IAPGZX
Vanguard GNMA Admiral	226,583	IVFIJX
Metropolitan West Total Return Bond Plan	188,477	IMWTSX
Victory Sycamore Established Value R6	145,401	IVEVRX

12. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A large concentration of revenue is comprised of federal and state grants received from the state of Connecticut. Any loss or significant reduction of these grants could have a significant impact on CRCOG's financial position and program service.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the opinion of CRCOG Counsel, there are no unpaid or pending judgments against CRCOG and no legal proceedings that would adversely affect the financial position of CRCOG.

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

CRCOG previously reported the activities of the Partnership Fund as an agency fund and the activities of the Regional Solid Waste Management Fund as a nonmajor special revenue fund. As a result of implementation of GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of July 1, 2020, CRCOG made the following reporting changes: The activities of the Partnership Fund and Regional Solid Waste Management Fund are reported as custodial funds. Accordingly, CRCOG restated beginning balances of the assets, liabilities, fund balance and net position as follows:

			-	Governmental Activities Net Position	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fund Balance
Balance as previously reported June 30,	2020		\$	1,695,068	\$	141,678
Adjustment: Regional Solid Waste Management rep	oorted a	s Custodial Fund	d .	(78,466)	<u> </u>	(78,466)
Balance as restated at July 1, 2020			\$	1,616,602	\$	63,212
Fiduciary Funds:		Agency Funds Balance as Previously Reported June 30, 2020		Adjustments	_	Custodial Funds Balance as Restated July 1, 2020
Assets	\$	29,907	\$	218,424	\$	248,331
Liabilities	\$	29,907	\$	110,051	\$	139,958
Net Position	\$		\$	108,373	\$	108,373

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts	-			Variance Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Federal government	\$	4,162,830	\$	4,162,830	\$	3,541,268	\$	(621,562)
State of Connecticut		1,771,669		1,771,669		2,923,659		1,151,990
Other governmental agencies		1,573,736		1,573,736		4,443,853		2,870,117
Interest income	_	7.500.005		7.500.005		4,096	_	4,096
Total revenues	_	7,508,235	_	7,508,235		10,912,876	_	3,404,641
Expenditures:								
Direct:								
Salaries		1,445,892		1,445,892		1,448,806		(2,914)
Telephone		1,150		1,150		901		249
Publication, dues and advertising		30,075		30,075		32,936		(2,861)
Reproduction and printing		3,200		3,200				3,200
Recruitment		3,500		3,500		10,704		(7,204)
Computer, software and upgrades		113,014		113,014		41,955		71,059
Equipment maintenance - GIS		7,400		7,400		473		6,927
Legal		9,250		9,250		5,358		3,892
Supplies, postage and other		7,200		7,200		6,838		362
Legislative liaison		24,802		24,802		31,600		(6,798)
Equipment		14,000		14,000		412,841		(398,841)
Furniture and furnishings		5,000		5,000		2,589		2,411
Leasehold improvements		2,500		2,500		4,021		(1,521)
Food		11,240		11,240				11,240
Mileage and parking		11,150		11,150		686		10,464
Consultants and professional services		116,500		116,500		208,391		(91,891)
Training and tuition reimbursement		10,200		10,200		3,000		7,200
Conferences and workshops		58,250		58,250		14,439		43,811
Refund						54,468		(54,468)
Rentals		750		750				750
Workshops for local governments		2,200		2,200				2,200
Annual meetings		4,000		4,000				4,000
Legislative reception		500		500				500
Technical support						5,250		(5,250)
Network Services						256,076		(256,076)
Crumbling foundation						284,799		(284,799)
Other miscellaneous expenses						10,891		(10,891)
Systems maintenance						300,001		(300,001)
Interpreter for the deaf		1,300		1,300				1,300
Spanish language translation		3,700		3,700				3,700
Polish language translation		2,500		2,500				2,500
Contingency		30,000		30,000				30,000
Contractual		3,530,586		3,530,586		3,120,663		409,923

(Continued on next page)

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts	-			Variance Positive
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Indirect:								
Management support salaries	\$	609,039	\$	609,039	\$	384,285	\$	224,754
Fringe benefits and payroll taxes		865,514		865,514		740,501		125,013
Bonus		65,500		65,500		39,154		26,346
Rent, maintenance and utilities		141,025		141,025		137,315		3,710
Accounting, audit and pension services		36,000		36,000		18,800		17,200
Insurance		39,500		39,500		35,162		4,338
Office supplies and expense		17,500		17,500		8,853		8,647
Postage		3,000		3,000		1,021		1,979
Reproduction and printing		13,000		13,000		5,242		7,758
Payroll processing		6,500		6,500		6,586		(86)
Equipment maintenance		7,500		7,500		4,253		3,247
Computer software and data communications		6,000		6,000				6,000
Computer services		9,000		9,000		21,548		(12,548)
Telephone		12,000		12,000		11,525		475
Publication and dues		7,200		7,200		7,372		(172)
Section 125 administration		1,200		1,200		941		259
Legal services		1,500		1,500		1,034		466
Pension administration		5,000		5,000		4,250		750
	_	7,295,837	_	7,295,837	_	7,685,528	_	(389,691)
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$_	212,398	\$_	212,398	=	3,227,348	\$_	3,014,950
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in						831,401		831,401
Transfers out	_		_		_	(831,401)	_	(831,401)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	_		_	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Φ.	040.000	Φ.	040.000		0.007.040	Φ.	0.044.050
over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	212,398	\$_	212,398	•	3,227,348	\$_	3,014,950
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year						1,815,630		
Fund Balances at End of Year					\$	5,042,978		

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				Spec		Capital Project						
	-	FHWA Corridor Studies	•	Local Government Programs	Policy & Planning Special Projects	Homel Secui Progr	ity	Regional Performance Incentive Program		Capital and Nonrecurring Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Due from State of Connecticut Due from other funds	\$	32,710 143,043	\$	22,302	\$ 65,215 \$ 29,225),710 3,991	\$	\$	26,840	\$	438,635 230,401
Total Assets	\$	175,753	\$	22,302	\$ 94,440 \$	349	9,701	\$	\$_	26,840	\$	669,036
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	67,387	\$	2,366	\$ 50,928 \$	147	7,500	\$	\$		\$	268,181
Unearned revenue		108,366			43,512	17	7,708					169,586
Due to other funds	-		-				3,121					148,121
Total liabilities	-	175,753	-	2,366	94,440	313	3,329			<u> </u>		585,888
Fund balances:												
Restricted						36	3,372					36,372
Committed			-	19,936					_	26,840	_	46,776
Total fund balances	-	-	-	19,936		36	3,372			26,840		83,148
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	175,753	\$	22,302	\$ 94,440 \$	349	9,701	\$	\$	26,840	\$	669,036

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						Special Reven	ue			Capital Project	
	_	FHWA Corridor Studies	_	Local Sovernment Programs	_	Policy & Planning Special Projects		Homeland Security Program	Regional Performance Incentive Program	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Federal government State of Connecticut Other governmental agencies Total revenues	\$	45,453 513,656 21,715 580,824	\$		\$	30,308 187,352 217,660	\$	620,453	\$ 39,118 39,118	<u> </u>	\$ 696,214 740,126 21,715 1,458,055
Expenditures: Current: Direct costs:	_				_						
Salaries Other Indirect costs:	_	88,937 366,238 125,649		836 10,446 966	_	33,868 151,693 41,043	_	48,334 502,444 69,693	39,595		171,975 1,070,416 237,351
Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	580,824		12,248 (12,248)	-	226,604 (8,944)	-	620,471 (18)	39,595 (477)		1,479,742 (21,687)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_	_	_	32,184	-	8,944	_	18	477		41,623
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		-		19,936		-		-	-	-	19,936
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated	_	-			-	-	_	36,372		26,840	63,212
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	_	\$_	19,936	\$	-	\$_	36,372	\$ <u>-</u> _\$	26,840	\$ 83,148

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Custod				
	_	Regional So Partnership Waste Fund Manageme				Total Custodial Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	236,265	\$	236,265
Due from other governments	_		_	412		412
Total Assets	_	-	_	236,677		236,677
Net Position: Restricted for:						
Individual, organizations and other governments	\$_		\$	236,677	\$	236,677

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Custod				
	_	Partnership Fund		Regional Solid Waste Management		Total Custodial Funds
Additions: Other governmental agencies	\$_		\$_	158,211	\$	158,211
Deductions: Payment to agencies	_	29,907	_			29,907
Change in Net Position		(29,907)		158,211		128,304
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	_	29,907	_	78,466	_	108,373
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	_	\$_	236,677	₿_	236,677

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS INDIRECT RATE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Indirect Costs:		
Management support salaries	\$	384,285
Fringe benefits and payroll taxes	•	740,501
Compensated absences		240,424
Rent, maintenance and utilities		137,315
Accounting, audit and pension services		18,800
Insurance		35,162
Employee merit program		39,154
Office supplies and expense		8,853
Postage		1,021
Reproduction and printing		5,242
Payroll processing		6,586
Equipment		4,253
Computer services		21,548
Telephone		11,525
Publication and dues		7,372
Legal services		1,034
Pension administration		4,250
Section 125 Admin		941
Total indirect costs		1,668,266
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses Allocation	_	16,611
Total	\$_	1,684,877
Total payroll	\$	1,833,092
Less: indirect payroll	Ψ	384,285
Less: compensated absences		240,424
	_	
Payroll Base	\$_	1,208,383
Indirect Cost Rate	_	139.43%

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FINANCIAL SUMMARY FOR THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	FHWA 11.6-01 (07)	. <u> </u>	RT 5 EAST WINDSOR	•	ENFIELD TRAFFIC IMPACT	. <u>-</u>	LOTCIP ADMIN		LOTCIP FARM/HTFD	-	LOTCIP EASTERN GATE
Maximum Funds Authorized FHWA Conn-DOT - FHWA	\$	3,522,546 210,335	\$	200,000 50,000	\$	216,571 21,715	\$		\$	0.40.000	\$	T.10.000
Conn-DOT - FTA Local		670,302			•	21,715		2,390,160		340,000	_	540,000
	\$	4,403,183	\$	250,000	\$	260,001	\$	2,390,160	\$	340,000	\$_	540,000
Authorized Expenditures Direct Costs: Salaries Other Indirect Costs	\$	715,666 280,277 997,861	\$	3,416 229,476 4,793	\$	28,483	\$	493,607 1,091,907 763,928	\$	1,869 300,849 2,695	\$	9,165 503,940 14,074
	\$	1,993,804	\$	237,685	\$	28,483	\$	2,349,442	\$	305,413	\$	527,179
Distribution of Audited Costs FHWA Conn-DOT - FHWA Conn-DOT - FTA	\$	1,595,041 196,470	\$	190,149 47,537	\$	22,786 2,848	\$	2,349,443	\$	305,413	\$	527,179
Local		202,291	_		•	2,848	-		-	, 	-	
	\$	1,993,802	\$ _	237,686	\$	28,482	\$	2,349,443	\$	305,413	\$_	527,179
Conn-DOT Responsibility FHWA Conn-DOT - FHWA Conn-DOT - FTA	\$	1,595,041 196,470	\$	190,149 47,537	\$	22,786 2,848	\$	2,349,443	\$	305,413	\$	527,179
COIII-DOT - FTA	_	. =0.1 = 1.1	_				_		_		_	
	\$	1,791,511	\$ =	237,686	\$	25,634	\$	2,349,443	\$	305,413	\$_	527,179
Payments Received Payments received through June 30, 2021 Payments received after June 30, 2021	\$	1,541,870 374,429	\$	233,006 3,656	\$		\$	2,390,160	\$	340,000	\$	540,000
Total payments received	_	1,916,299	_	236,662	•	-	-	2,390,160		340,000	-	540,000
Due from (to) Conn-DOT	\$	(124,788)	\$_	1,024	\$	25,634	\$	(40,717)	\$	(34,587)	\$	(12,821)

CAPITOL REGION COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF SOURCES AND USES - LOCAL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SOURCES Local Assessments Local Government Programs	\$ 780,471 (210,207)	<u>.</u>	
Total Sources		\$_	570,264
USES Fund Transfers: Transportation (Match Requirements)		\$	188,704
Council Administration: Direct Expenditures Use of Fund Balance	 99,312 282,248	- _	381,560
Total Uses		\$_	570,264

